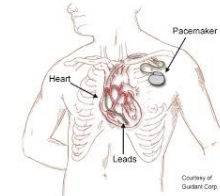
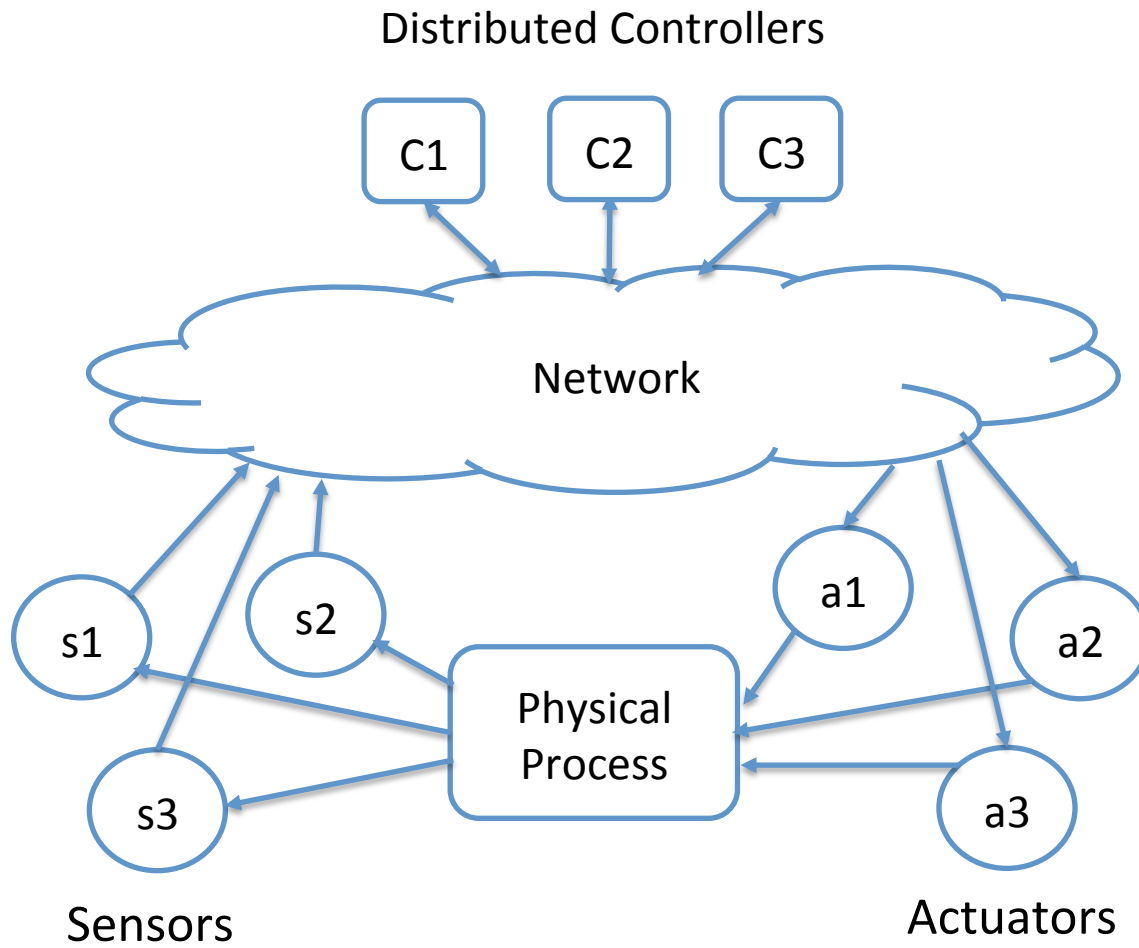


ARTINALI:
**Dynamic Invariant Detection
for Cyber-Physical System Security**

*Maryam Raiyat Aliabadi, Amita Kamath,
Julien Gascon-Samson, Karthik Pattabiraman*



Cyber-Physical Systems



Motivation



CPS Security Requirements

Real-time constraints

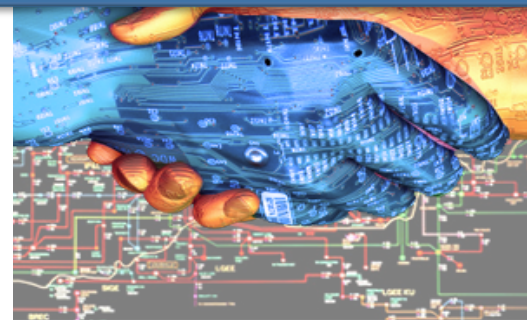
Resource constraints

Goal :

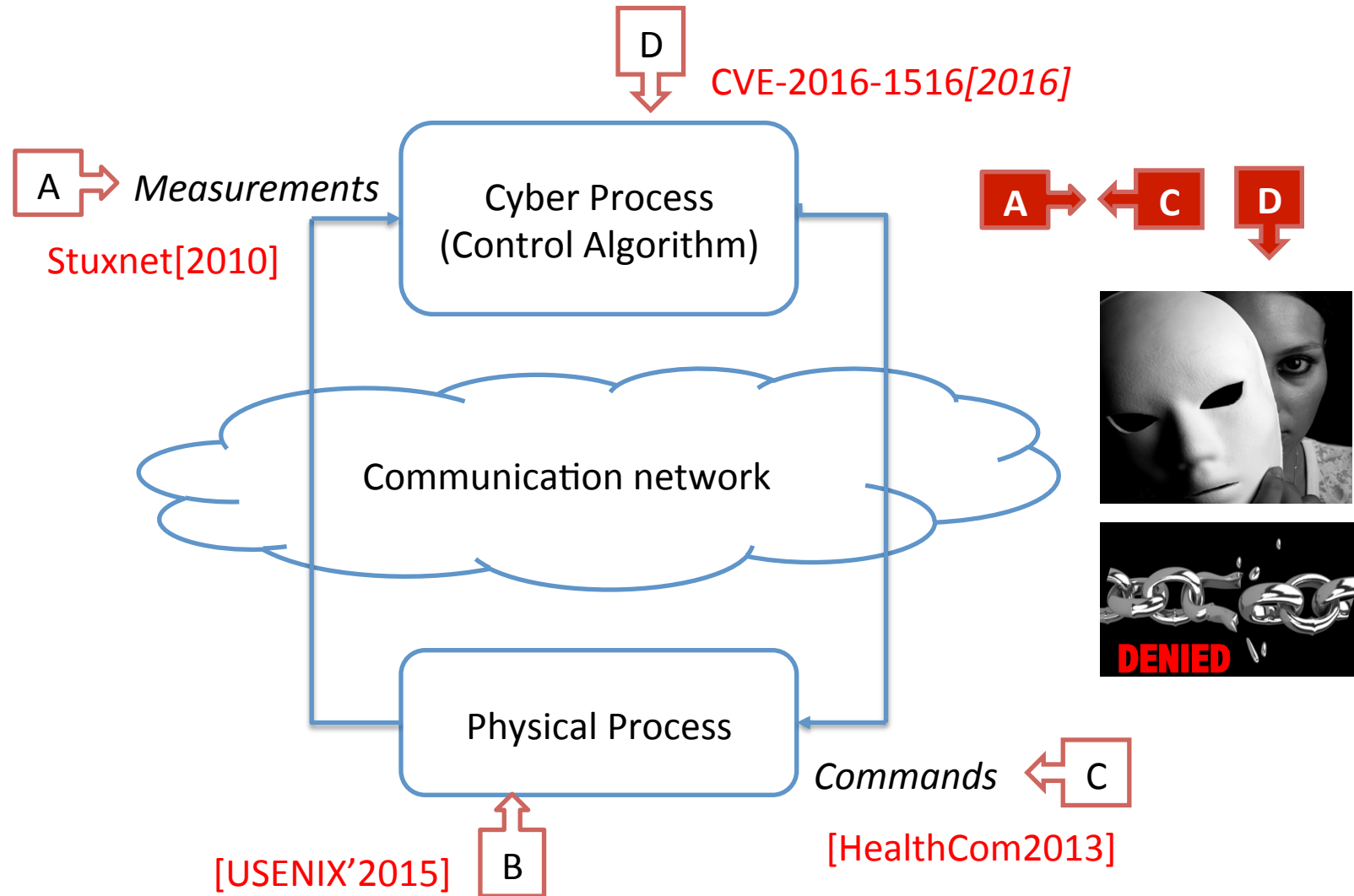
Design an **Automated, Real-time and Attack-neutral** security solution for CPSes with respect to their **resource constraints**

Zero-day attacks

No human-in-the-loop



Threat Model



Previous work

- Intrusion Detection System (IDS)

- Signature-based IDSs [CSUR2014]



- Anomaly-based IDSs [Computers&Security2009]



- Specification-based IDSs [SmarGridCom2010]

- Static analysis



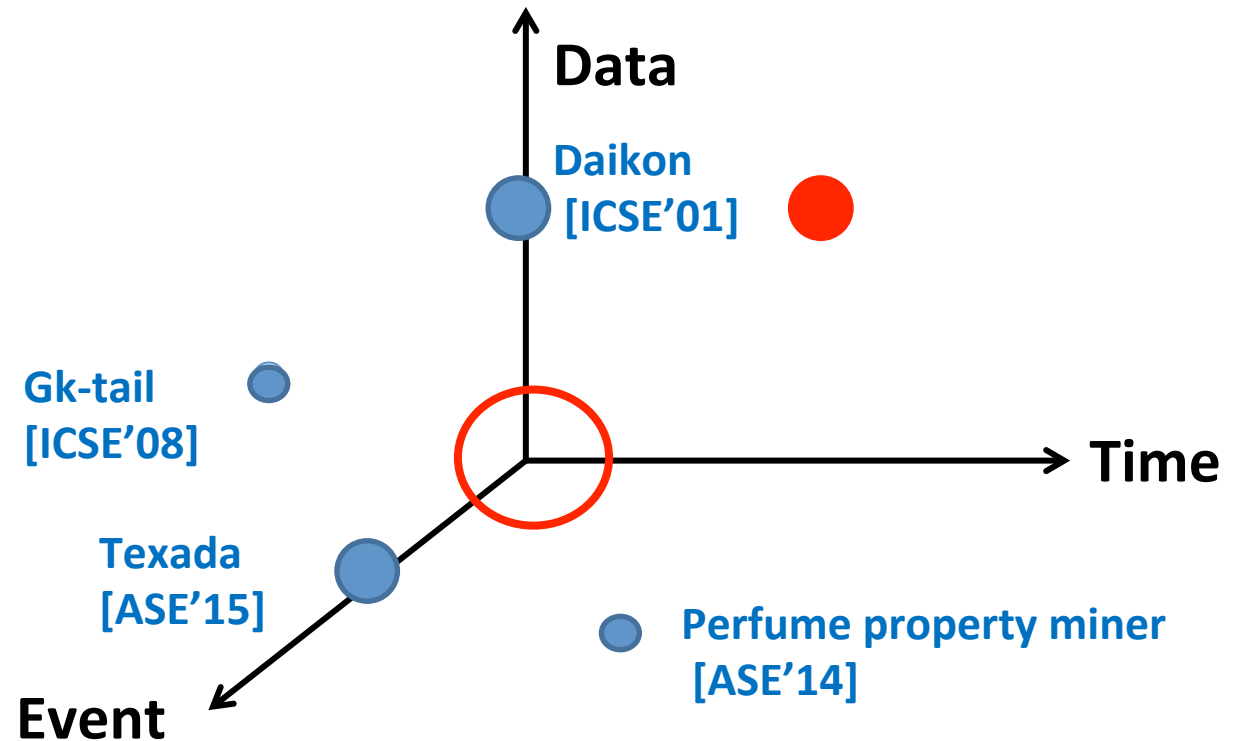
- Dynamic analysis



Dynamic Analysis-based Techniques (Invariant-based)

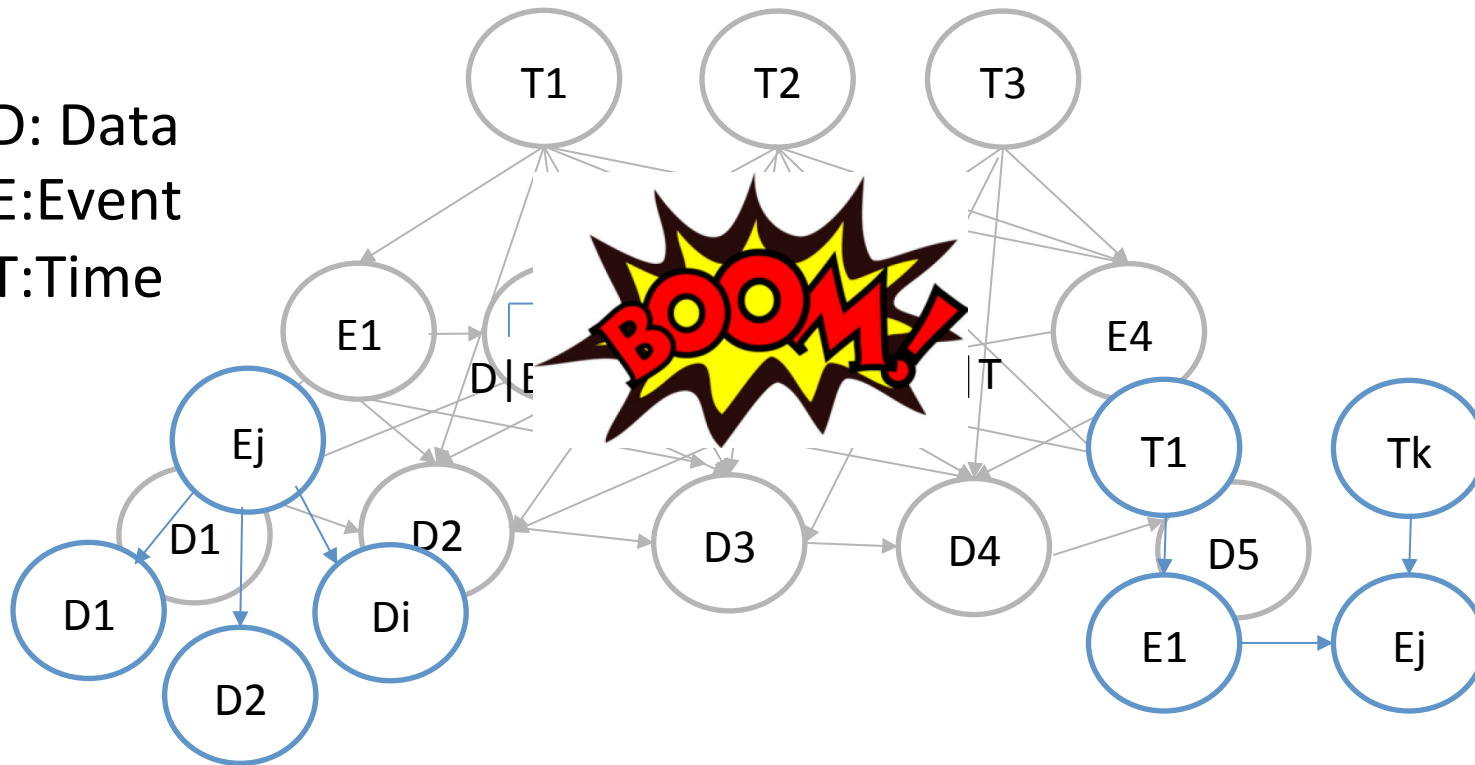
- Invariant

- Energy usage ≥ 0



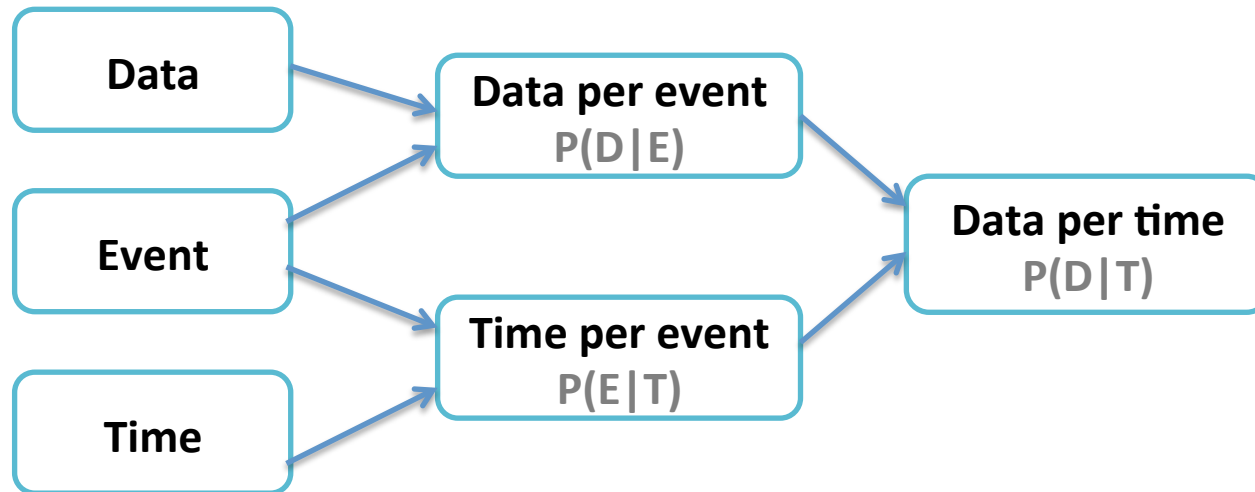
Main Idea: Break down the search space

D: Data
E:Event
T:Time



Methodology

- **ARTINALI: A Real Time-specific Invariant iNference ALgorithm**
 - 3 dimensions and 6 classes of invariants



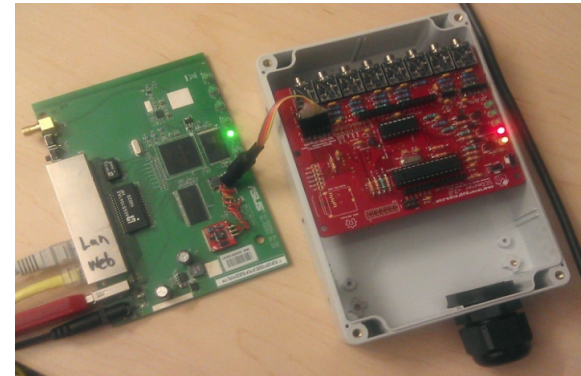
CPS platforms



- Advanced metering infrastructure (AMI)

- SEGMeter

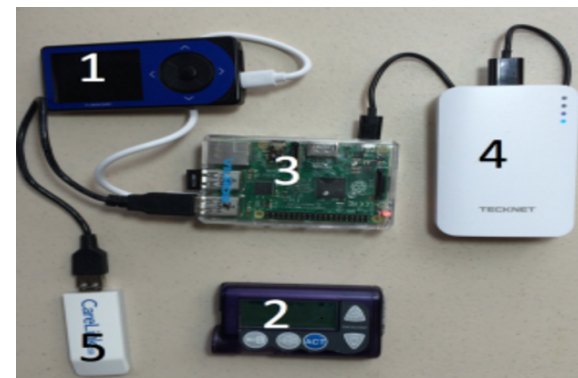
- <http://smartenergygroups.com>



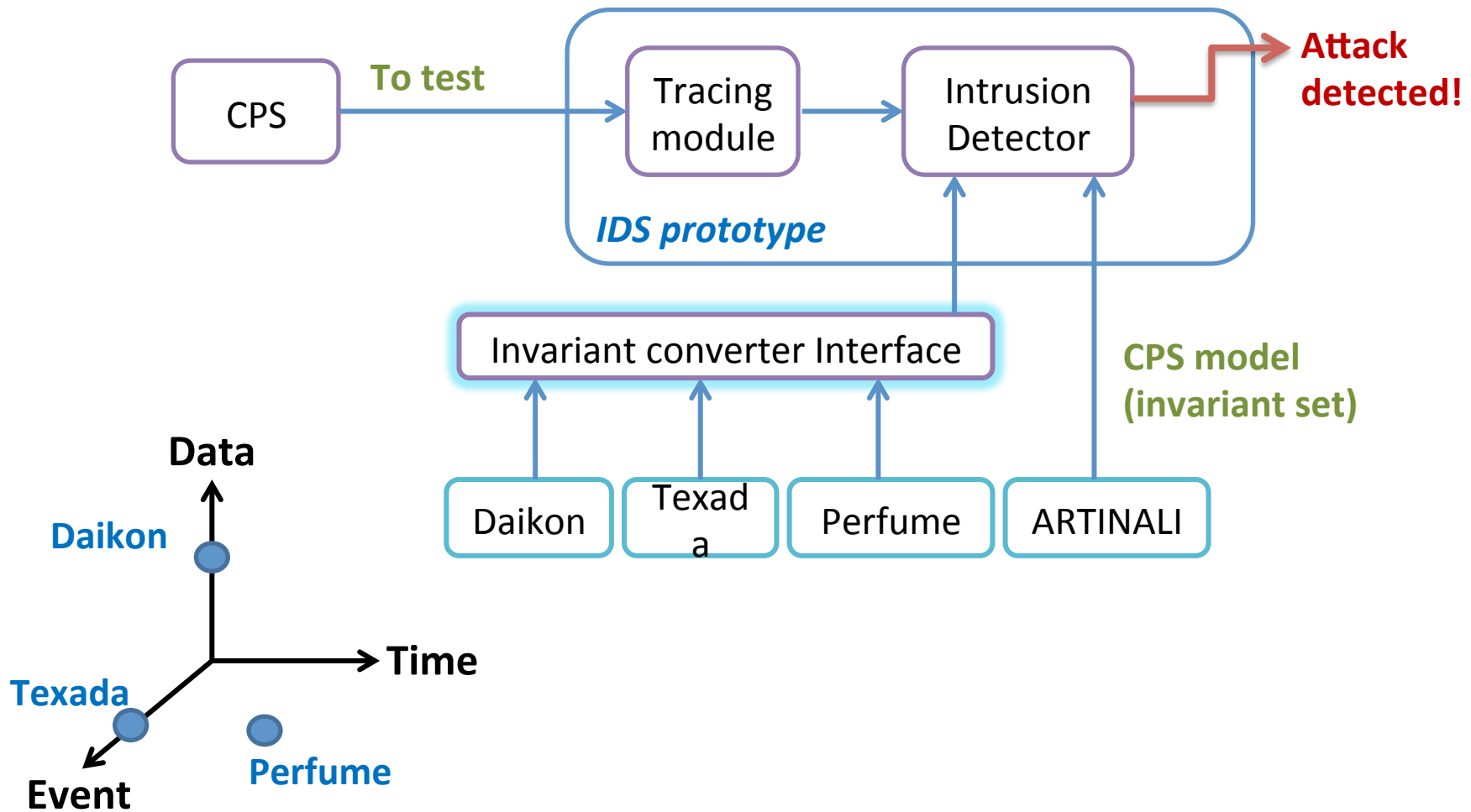
- Smart Artificial Pancreas (SAP)

- OpenAPS

- <https://openaps.org/>



Intrusion Detection System



Targeted attacks

CPS Platform	Targeted attack	Attack entry point
AMI (SEGMeter)	Meter spoofing [ACSAC2010]	Deception on A
	Sync. Tampering [ACSAC2010]	Deception on D

Take away :
ARTINALI detected all targeted attacks
successfully

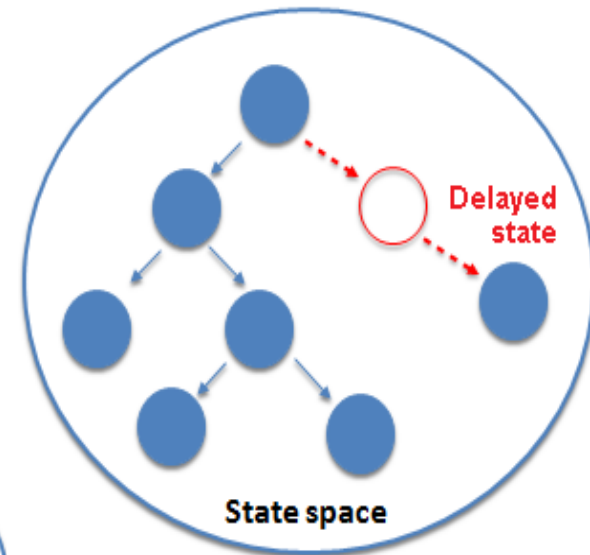
Arbitrary Attacks

Data mutations

```
FirstObj* = new Button  
secondObject = firstObject;  
TypedReference firsttr = __makeref(firstObj);  
IntPtr first* = **(IntPtr*)&firsttr;  
  
System.Console.WriteLine("The address stored in first is: " + first);  
  
Console.WriteLine(Environment.NewLine);  
  
TypedReference secondtr = __makeref(secondObject);  
IntPtr second* = **(IntPtr*)&secondtr;  
  
System.Console.WriteLine("The address stored in second is: " + second);
```

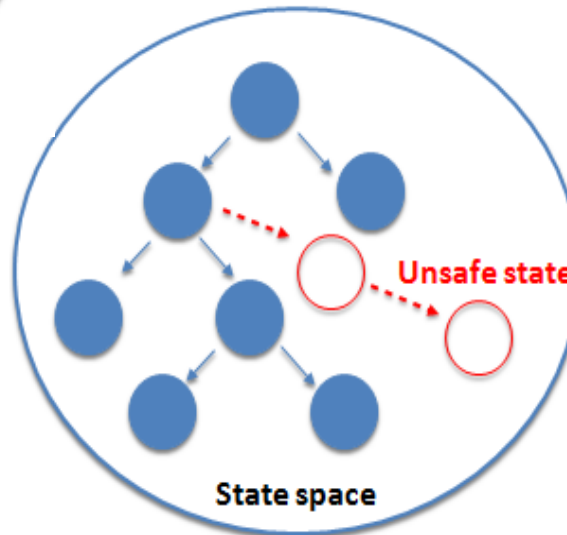
Smart facial recognition system (CVE-2016-1516)

Artificial delay insertion



Synchronization tampering in smart meter, [ACSAC2010]

Branch flipping



CGM spoofing in SAP, [BHC2011]

Accuracy Metrics

- False Negative Rate (FNR)

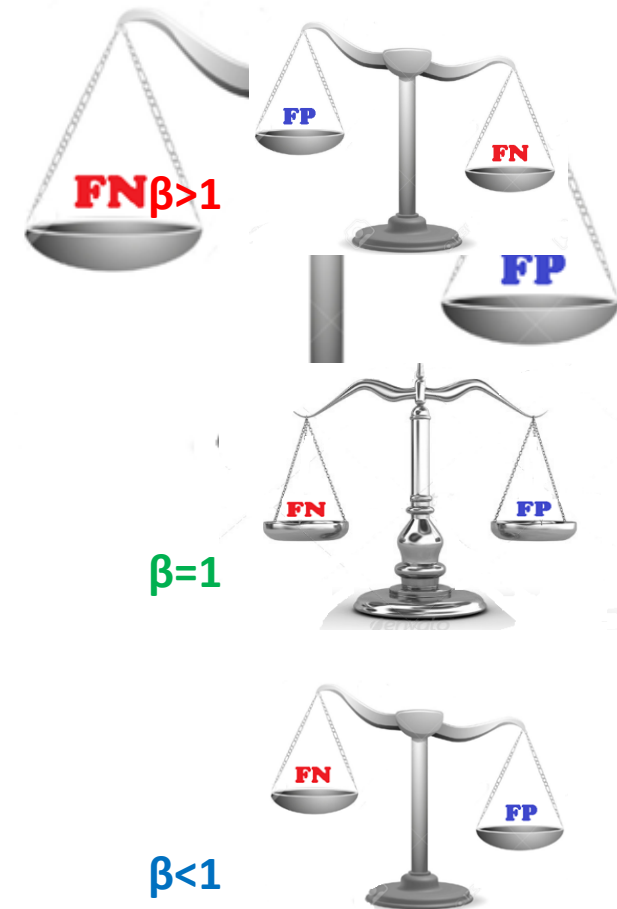
$$\frac{\text{Number of detected attacks}}{\text{Total number of injected attacks}} \times 100$$

- False Positive Rate (FPR)

$$\frac{\text{Number of raised alarms}}{\text{Total number of attack-free tests}} \times 100$$

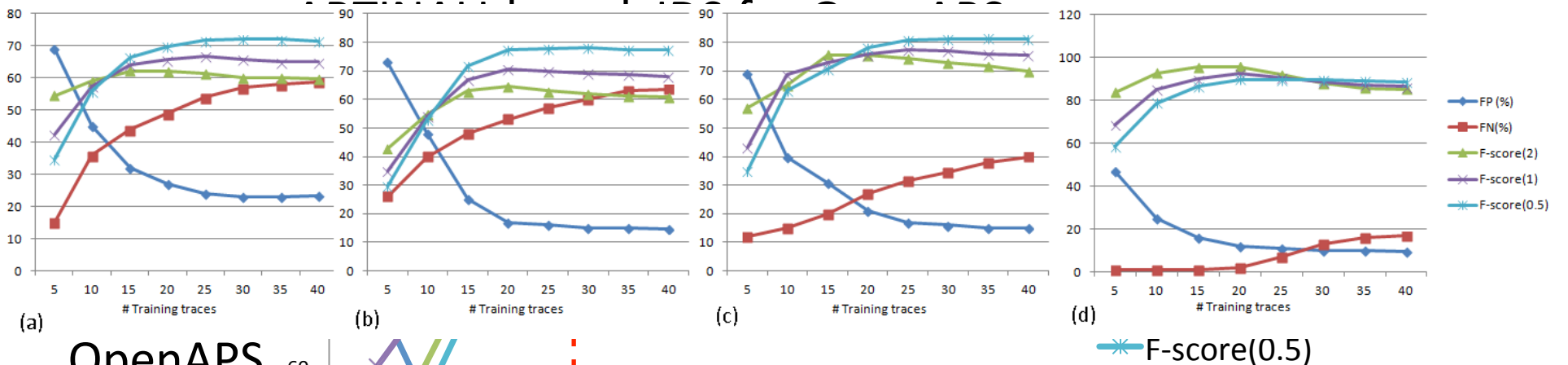
- F-Score(β)

$$\frac{(1+\beta^2) \times TP}{(1+\beta^2) \times TP + \beta^2 \times FN + FP}$$

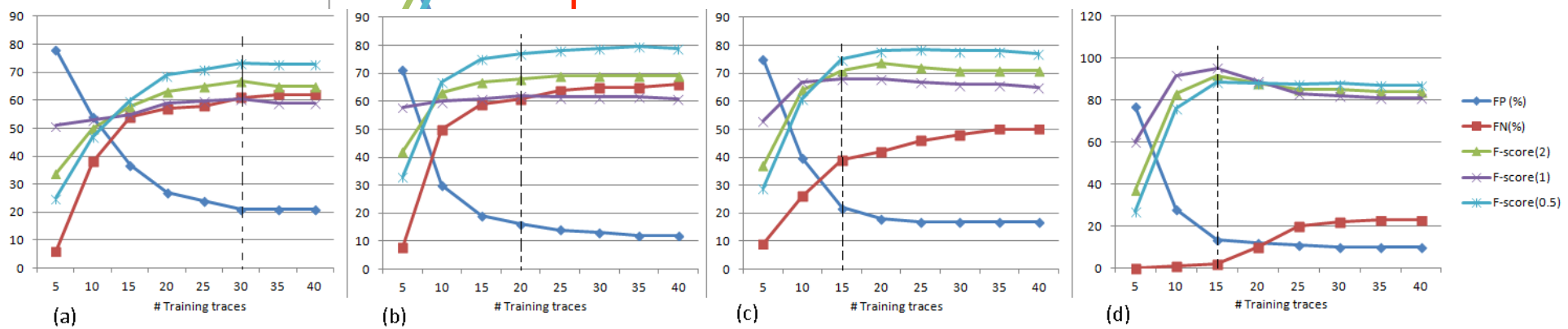


F-Score(β)- Tuning/Training

SEGMeter



OpenAPS

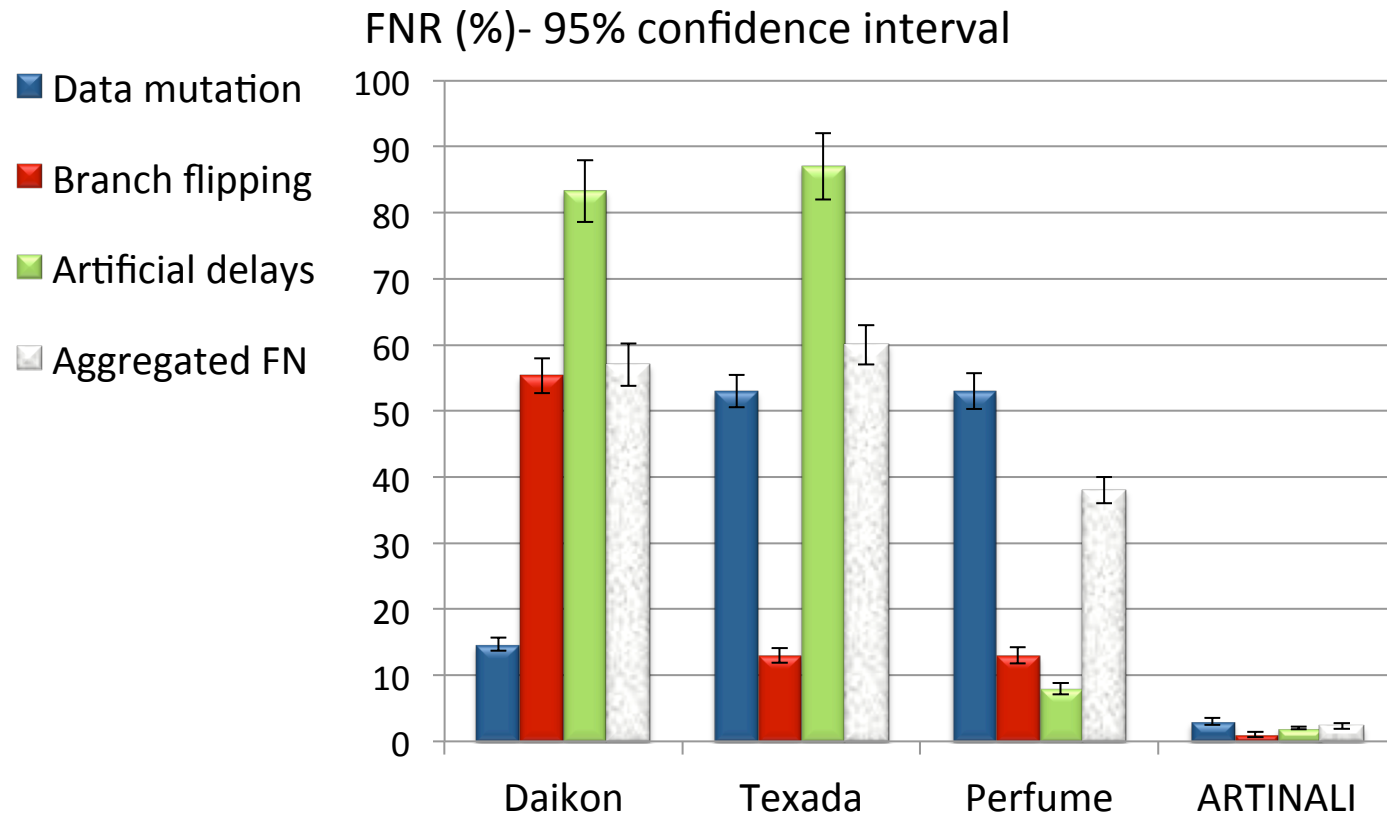


(a) Daikon (b) Texada (c) Perfume (d) ARTINALI

False Negatives' Rate

- ARTINALI-based IDS reduces the ratio of FN by 89 to 95% compared with the other tools across both platforms.

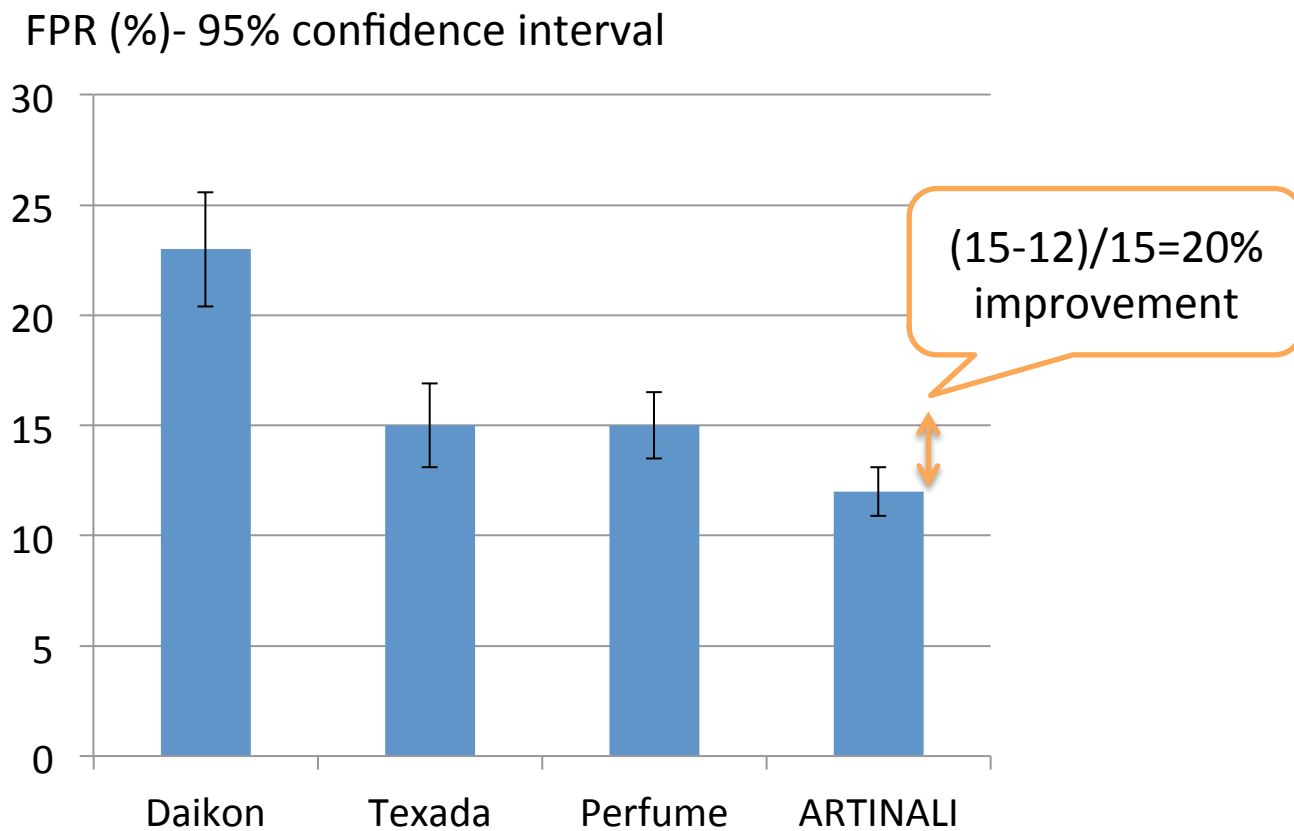
- SEGMeter



False Positives' Rate

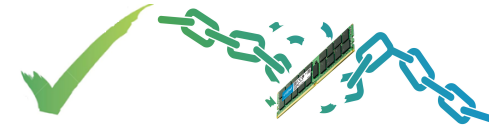
- ARTINALI-based IDS reduces the ratio of FP by 20 to 48% compared with the other tools across both platforms.

- SEGMeter

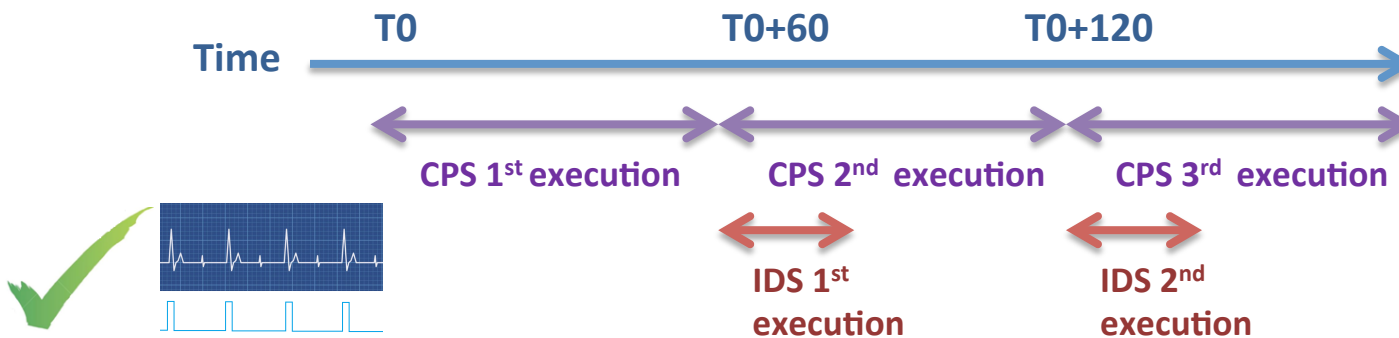


Overheads

SEGMeter



	Performance Overhead (%)	Detection time (sec)	Memory usage
Daikon	27.3	16.63	1.24 MB
Texada	23.7	14.45	3.21 MB
Pefume	32.08	19.57	3.94 MB
ARTINALI	31.6	19.25	2.96 MB



Summary and Future Work

- ARTINALI: A Multi-Dimensional model for CPS
 - Captures *data-event-time* interplay
 - Introduces *Real-time data invariants*
 - Increases the *coverage* of IDS
 - Decreases the rate of *false positives*
 - Imposes comparable *overheads*
- Examine generalizability of ARTINALI
 - Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)
- <https://github.com/karthikp-ubc/Artinali>